100% book - Year 8 booster

Aim to memorise 100% of the knowledge on these Knowledge Organisers.



Term 1

Swindon Academy 2022-23						
Name:						
Tutor Group:						
Tutor & Room:						

"If you are not willing to learn, no one can help you.

If you are determined to learn, no one can stop you."











How to use your 100% book of Knowledge Organisers and Quizzable Organisers

Knowledge Organisers						
111	**	sr 7 Term I Scier	IDEICHEMISTY : Topic TCP Particle			
1000000000	are bearing this term:		te the properties of the three of matter	A. What is diffusion?		
C. Moto	phy files	solid	liquid gas	The movement of particles from a togher concentration to a lower concentration		
	rda for this term			B. What happens to the temperature of a substance when it changes		
1 Made 2 Perts	le 7 Eveneration	theid diage	C rest right C not right	During the change of state, the temperature		
3 Diff.d 4 Math	g 9 Solvers	• faid vices	Red state Sectors	will stay the same until the change of state is complete		
		A. What is	the law of conservation of mass?	1 1.8		
	ut is particle theory? In Pat all mater is made up of particles.		nservation of Mass states that mass red or destroyed	1		
Α.	Describe the arrangement and movement of particles in the three states of motion	8	What are the different changes of state?	1 - 31		
Solid	In a regular patient. Particles can	Award	change of state from cold to legal			
Lipset	Vitratic in a feed position. Particles are ananged randomly but	Frenne	Drange of states from liquid to solid	C. What is the difference between a pure and an impure substance?		
	are still touching each other. Particles can slide past each other and move arount	Experation	Durps of risks from liquid to per-	Pure Impure		
Gas	Particles are for apart and are amerged randomly. Particles carry a lot of energy and fixey move in all directions in a high saved.	Condensation	Change of state from gac to liquid	A material that is made up of only one type of particle.		
		1000	Gaining energy			

Knowledge Organisers contain the essential knowledge that you MUST know in order to be successful this year and in all subsequent years.

They will help you learn, revise and retain what you have learnt in lessons in order to move the knowledge from your short-term memory to long-term memory.

Quizzable Knowledge Organisers

Α.	Describe the arrangement and movement of particles in the three	В.	What are the different changes of state?
	states of matter.	Melting	
Solid			
Liquid		Freezing	
Liquid		-	
		Evaporation	
Gas		Condensation	
	-		/~

These are designed to help you quiz yourself on the essential Knowledge.

Use them to test yourself or get someone else to test you, until you are confident you can recall the information from memory.

Top Tip Don't write on your Quizzable Knowledge Organisers! Quiz yourself by writing the missing words in your prep book. That way you can quiz yourself again and again!

Expectations for Prep and for using your Knowledge Organisers

- 1. Complete all prep work set in your subject prep book.
- 2. Bring your prep book to every lesson and ensure that you have completed all work by the deadline.
- 3. Take pride in your prep book keep it neat and tidy.
- 4. Present work in your prep book to the same standard you are expected to do in class.
- 5. Ensure that your use of SPAG is accurate.
- 6. Write in blue or black pen and sketch in pencil.
- 7. Ensure every piece of work has a title and date.
- 8. Use a ruler for straight lines.
- 9. If you are unsure about the prep, speak to your teacher.
- 10. Review your prep work in green pen using the mark scheme.

How do I complete Knowledge Organiser Prep?



Make sure you bring in your completed Prep notes to demonstrate that you have completed your prep.





Scandal in Bohemia – plot overview	Vocabulary: Key words	Characters in Sherlock Holmes Adventures			
 The King of Bohemia plans to marry a Norwegian princess. However, he previously had a relationship 	enlighten – to provide someone with information and understanding. People come to Holmes so that they can be enlightened on a crime.	Sherlock Holmes – a fictional consulting detective created by Arthur Conan Doyle. He is known for his intelligence,			
with a woman called Irene Adler. Adler is threatening to ruin his engagement with a picture	deduction – the process of reaching a decision by looking at the facts that are known. Holmes is able to use his skills of deduction to solve crimes.	introspection and dual nature. He is described as an 'observing machine' because of his ability to capture the essence of people with seemingly very little evidence.			
she has of herself and the king together.Holmes tricks Adler into revealing where she keeps the photograph, but she outsmarts Holmes and	scandal – a scandal is something that shocks people because they think it is morally wrong. The King of Bohemia fears that scandal of his relationship with Irene Adler being exposed.	Dr Watson – Holmes' former flatmate, a doctor and his closest companion. The stories are told from his perspective			
escapes with it. Adler decides not to use the picture against the king. She leaves a picture of	introspective – when you examine your own thoughts, ideas, and feelings. Sherlock Holmes can be introspective . This makes him a	working as Holmes' assistant.			
herself in its place, which Holmes keeps as a	better detective.	Irene Adler – a famous American opera singer who had a			
reminder of her.	dual nature – Holmes has a dual nature: his quiet introspective side, and his manic detecting side.	relationship with the future King of Bohemia. To Holmes, she is 'the woman' who outsmarted him.			
	Terminology: Key words				
 Jabez Wilson gets a job with the mysterious 'Red- Headed League' because of his 'flame' coloured hair. 	detective fiction : a sub-genre of crime fiction and mystery fiction in which an investigator or a detective (professional, amateur or retired) investigates a crime, often murder.	King of Bohemia – in the Victorian era, Bohemia was an ar of central Europe; today it is a region of the Czech Republic The King is engaged to a Scandinavian princess but five yea previously was madly in love with Irene Adler. Because of I status, he was unable to marry her at the time, which he regrets. The King still respects Adler.			
 One day, he is mysteriously told that he is no longer needed by the league so visits Holmes to ask him to investigate. 	periodical/serial – books, magazines or other entertainment that are released on a regular basis. The Strand Magazine was a periodical that published the				
Holmes discovers that his story reveals a plot to	Sherlock Holmes stores.	James Ryder – head attendant of the hotel where the Blue			
steal from a bank vault which is successfully prevented.	Background information	Carbuncle goes missing. He works with his accomplice			
	Sir Arthur Conan Doyle was the author of the Sherlock Holmes stories.	Catherine Cusack (the countess' maid) to steal the jewel and frame John Horner for the crime. He is racked with guilt and confesses when Holmes questions him.			
• A policeman named Peterson is left with a man's	Sir Arthur Conan Doyle lived and wrote during the Victorian era.				
hat and Christmas goose.He takes the goose home to eat and discovers a	Sherlock Holmes is a fictional detective created by Sir Arthur Conan Doyle.	Jabez Wilson – a London pawnbroker who has distinctively red hair. His business is struggling so he takes the job working			
blue carbuncle (a rare, and very valuable jewel) inside the goose!	Sherlock Holmes' fictional home was 221B Baker Street, which is now a museum of Doyle's life and work.	for The Red-Headed League. Wilson was tricked by his assistant Vincent Spaulding who worked alongside another			
• Holmes recognises the jewel as the one that was stolen from The Countess of Morcar. Using the hat	Doyle's short stories were published individually in The	criminal to use his shop to rob the bank next door.			
as a clue, Holmes and Watson set off to discover how the blue carbuncle was stolen and how it	Strand Magazine periodical and then collected to form The Adventures of Sherlock Holmes short story collection in 1892.	Vincent Spaulding/John Clay – Jabez Wilson's assistant. This is actually a disguise for John Clay who attempts a bank			
ended up in a goose.	Before he became a writer, Doyle studied medicine.	robbery using Wilson's shop as an easy passage.			





Scandal in Bohemia – plot overview	Vocabulary: Key words	Characters in Sherlock Holmes Adventures
 Theplans to marry a Norwegian princess. However, he previously had a relationship with a woman called Adler is threatening to ruin his with a picture she has of 	enlighten – deduction – scandal –	Sherlock Holmes – a fictional consulting detective created by He is known for his, and dual He is described as an ' machine' because of his ability to capture the essence of people with seemingly very little evidence.
 and the together. Holmes Adler into where she keeps the, but she, but she Holmes and with it. 	introspective –	Dr Watson – Holmes' former flatmate, aand his closest The stories are told from his perspective, working as Holmes'
Adler decidesto use the picture against the She leaves a picture of herself in its place, which Holmes as a reminder of her.	dual nature –, Terminology: Key words	Irene Adler – a famous American who had a relationship with the future King of To Holmes, she is 'the woman' whohim.
 gets a job with the mysterious ' because of' One day, he is mysteriously told that he is One day, he is mysteriously told that he is by theso visits Holmes to ask him to	detective fiction: periodical/serial –	King of Bohemia – in theera, Bohemia was an area of central Europe; today it is a region of the Czech Republic. The King is engaged to a Scandinavian princess but five years previously was madly in love with Because of his status, he was unable to her at the time, which he The King still Adler.
 Holmes discovers that his story reveals a plot to 	Background information Sir Arthur Conan Doyle was the of the Sherlock Holmes	James Ryder – head of the hotel where the goes He works with his accomplice Catherine Cusack (the countess' maid) to steal the and John Horner for the He
 A named is left with a man's and He takes the home to eat and discovers a (a rare, and very valuable) inside the! Holmes recognises the as the one that was stolen from The Countess of Morcar. Using the as a clue, Holmes and Watson set off to discover how the blue carbuncle was and how it ended up in a 	Sir Arthur Conan Doyle lived and wrote during the era. Sherlock Holmes is adetective created by Sir Arthur Conan Sherlock Holmes' fictional home was 221B , which is now a museum of Doyle's life and work. Doyle's short stories were published individually in The and then collected to form The Adventures of Sherlock Holmes short story collection in 1892. Before he became a writer, Doyle	<pre>is racked withandwhenquestions him. Jabez Wilson – a Londonwho has distinctivelyhair. His business isso he takes the job working for The Wilson wasby hiswho worked alongside another criminal to use his shop to rob the bank next door. Vincent Spaulding/John Clay – Jabez Wilson's This is actually aforwho attempts a bank using Wilson'sas an easy passage.</pre>

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Year 8 Alternative Curriculum Term 1 Science/Chemistry : Topic 7CP Particles









A. What is the law of conservation of mass?

The Law of Conservation of Mass states that mass cannot be created or destroyed.

В.	What are the different changes of state?				
Melting	Change of state from solid to liquid				
Freezing	Change of state from liquid to solid				
Evaporation	Change of state from liquid to gas				
Condensation	Change of state from gas to liquid				
	Gaining energy				
	lting evaporating				
solid	Liquid Gas				
free	ezing condensing				
	osing energy				

A. | What is diffusion?

The movement of particles from a higher concentration to a lower concentration.

B. What happens to the temperature of a substance when it changes state?.

During the change of state, the temperature will stay the same until the change of state is complete



C. What is the difference between a pure and an impure substance?

Pure	Impure
A material that is made up of only one type of particle.	A material that made up of more than one type of particle.
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Year 8 Alternative Curriculum Term 1 Science/Chemistry : Topic 7CP Particles







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D. \	What is a mixture?	D.	How are different	ent mixtures separated?	
1	re contains different elements or compounds that chemically joined to each other.	Metho	d	Used to separate:	Apparatus
D.	What happens when a substance dissolves?	Evapor	ration		Solution Evaporating basin Heat
solute	dissolving, the solvent particles surround the particles and move them away so they are out in the solvent.	Filtratio	n	An insoluble solid from a liquid	Filter paper
D.	What are the different parts of a solution?				Solid and liquid
Solute	The substance that dissolves into the solvent.				
Solven	The liquid that the solute dissolves into.	Distilla	tion	The parts of a liquid solution according to their boiling point.	Pure vapour Mixture of liquids
Solution		Chrom	atography	Mixtures of solutes according to their solubilities in a solvent.	piece of pin
D.	What is the difference between a soluble substance and an insoluble substance?				paper
Soluble	A substance that dissolves into a solvent.				beaker
Insolub	le A substance does not dissolve into a solvent.				water Start End
				1	1

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Geography Knowledge Organiser: Year 8 Term 1 Tectonics

2. Emergency services trained.

H. Prim

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Background:

- 1. The Earth's structure is made up of layers. (A)
- 2. The characteristics of these layers fuels tectonic plate theory and the resulting hazards which occur along plate boundaries. (B)
- 3. There are four different plate boundaries, each with their own characterises and resulting hazards. (C)
- 4. Volcanoes can be found along constructive and destructive boundaries, although the volcanoes found at these boundaries are different. (*D*)
- Earthquakes take place along all of the boundaries, but are often most significant at conservative boundaries. Earthquakes have key features and are measured using the Richter scale. (E)
- 6. People continue to live in tectonic areas for a number of reasons. *(F)*
- 7. Some of these reasons relate to how we monitor, protect and plan for such hazards. (*G*)
- 8. However, the impacts of these hazards can still be significant; although they can vary based upon a countries level of development. (*H*, *F*)

Α.	The layers of	of the Earth (3)				
Crust		The thin outer layer of the earth				
Mant	e		Middle layer of the earth, between the crust and the core, approx. 2900km thick.			
Core			The centre and hottest layer of the earth, broken into the inner (solid) and outer core.			
B. Theory (4)						
Plate	boundaries	The	e place where plates meet.			
Conv curre	ection nts	rise	rents in the Earth's mantle which from the Earth's core and are ong enough to move tectonic plates.			
Ocea	nic crust	The part of the Earth's crust under the oceans, usually 6-8km thick				
Conti	nental crust		e part of the Earth's crust which tains land and is 30-50km thick.			

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	C. Differ	ent pla	ate boundaries <i>(4)</i>		E.	Earthq	luake	es (4)		
	Constructive Where tectonic plates move apart and new land is created. Destructive Where two plates come together, and the oceanic plate is subducted, leading to violent volcanic eruptions.		E	Epicentre			The point on the Earth's surface directl above the focus of an earthquake.			
			oceanic plate is subducted, leading to				The source of an earthquake bene the Earth's surface.			
	Conservative		Where tectonic plates move alongside, or past each other.	S	Seismic	waves		Fast waves of energy generated from the focus of an earthquake.		
	Collision Where continental plates move towards each other, forming mountains.		F	Richter scale			A scale used to measure the strength of an earthquake.			
				F. Living in th			the tectonic danger zone			
	D. Volo	D. Volcanoes (3)		V				. Jobs in tourism.		
	Shield volcano A gently sloping volcano formed by runny lava, usually at a constructive boundary.			2. 0 3. A goo		3. A goo	Geothermal energy created. Ash makes the ground fertile, which is od for farming. Diamonds and gold from previous			
	Composite		A steep volcano formed by					iptions can be mined.		
	volcano		alternating layers of lava and ash, on destructive boundaries.					Friends and family live in the area. It has not happened in such a long		
	Pyroclastic flowTorrent of hot ash, rock, gas and steam from a volcano.			time		tim	e, so people take the risk. Employment in the area.			
[G.					Earthquakes				
	Monitoring (2)	ing 1. The shape may change. 2. Increase in gases given off e.g. sulphur did				 Irregular tremors measured. Radon gas levels increase as rocks crack 				
	Protect	Lav	a diversion channels.			Earthq	uake	proof buildings.		
	Planning (2)	1. E	vacuation.		1. Earthquake drills.			ke drills.		

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	Effects	of tectonic hazards (2)	I.	Exampl	es
mary effects Direct impacts of an event e.g. people killed, injured, or buildings collapse.			Develor Haiti	U	1. 318,000 dead. 2. 1.5 million homeless.
condary ects		The indirect impacts of an event, usually occurring in the weeks, hours, months after the event e.g. the outbreak of disease from contaminated water.	Port Au Prince Developed New Zealand Christchurch		 Cholera outbreak killed 8,000. 181 dead. 80% of the city without electricity. The Rugby World Cup was cancelled. Schools closed for 2 weeks.

2. Emergency services on-call.





3								
Bac	kground:		С.	Differer	t plate boundaries (4)	E.	Earthqua	akes <i>(4)</i>
	The characteristic	ture is made up of layers. (A) cs of these layers fuels tectonic plate sulting hazards which occur along plate	Constructive		Epicent	Epicentre		
3.	boundaries. <i>(B)</i> 3. There are four different plate boundaries, each with their					Focus		
4.	Volcanoes can be	s and resulting hazards. <i>(C)</i> e found along constructive and daries, although the volcanoes found at	Conserv	/ative		Seismic	waves	
5.	these boundaries Earthquakes take	are different. (D) place along all of the boundaries, but	Collisior	<u>ו</u>		Richter	scale	
		nificant at conservative boundaries. e key features and are measured using					Listingtin	
6.	the Richter scale		D.	Volca	noes (3)	F. Volcan		the tectonic danger zone
	reasons. (F)	asons relate to how we monitor, protect	Shield	volcano				
	and plan for such							
	significant; although they can vary based upon a countries level of development. (<i>H</i> , <i>F</i>)		Composite volcano		Earthq (3)	Earthquakes (3)		
Α.	A. The layers of the Earth (3)		Pyroclastic flow					
Cru	st							
Mar	ntle		G.		Volcanoes	Earthquakes		
			Monitor (2)	ring				
Cor	e		(2)					
			Protect					
В.	Theory (4)		Plannir	ng (2)				
Plat	e boundaries						l	
Cor	Convection		Н.	Effec	ts of tectonic hazards (2)	I. Examples		
	rents		Primary	y effects		Develo Haiti Port Au	o ping I Prince	
Oceanic crust		Secondary effects		<i>Developed</i> New Zealand Christchurch				
						Christo	hurch	
Cor	ntinental crust					Christo	hurch	





What we are lead A. Young Her	arning this term:	В.		ces can you make from sources about why the eformation happened?	l (C. What was the import VIII?	ance of having a male heir for Henry			
 B. The Protes C. Henry VIII D. England's E. The English 	tant Reformation and his Great Matter Break with Rome h Reformation – Later Years	2. Refor ques	corruption of the This event man mation as peo ion the Cathol		Succ Heir	his wife Catherine had getting too old to have Means the person who	Henry VIII was desperate for a male heir to succeed him, but his wife Catherine had only had daughter and by 1524 was getting too old to have a successful pregnancy Means the person who is next in line to the throne – sons were preferred over daughters			
6 Key Words fo	or this term	Refo	mation and he	rted the Protestant e believed that the Bible	Stron	-	Henry VIII's throne was weak whilst he only had a daughter – a son would make him look strong			
Christianity 2. Protestant emerged d Catholicisn	The Royal family that ruled England from	into t that e 4. Ma follow	ne common lar everyone could artin Luther ma ving which mea	s should be translated nguage of the country so I understand it. naged to gain a large ant Protestant ideas ghout Catholic countries in Europe	Cathe of Ara Mary Anne Boley	erine Henry VIII's first wife – agon them ended in a misca I The only surviving child Caught the eye of Henri	Henry VIII's first wife – she had many pregnancies but most of them ended in a miscarriage The only surviving child from Henry and Catherine's marriage Caught the eye of Henry in 1525 and promised that she could			
4. Reformation	on – A movement to reform (change) the		D.	Why did Henry VIII Break away from Rome?						
Germany 5. Transubst wine into th	,			Declares that a marriage was never valid and could only be granted by the Pope. Henry tried for 6 years to gain his annulment from the Pope, but he refused to grant it, which made Henry start to question the role of the Pope in the English Church						
 communion Mass – The central act of worship in the Catholic Church, when Holy Communion is taken 			nas Wolsey	Henry's Chief Minister who promised the king that he would get him his annulment from Catherine, as he also held a high position in the Catholic Church and thought that he could persuade the Pope. However, Wolsey failed, and Henry no longer trusted him						
A.	What was Henry VIII like when he was young?	Pop	e Clement II	Head of the Catholic Church in the 1530's – only he could give Henry his annulment and allow him to marry Anne Boleyn. However, he was under the power of Charles V who threatened to invade Rome						
Feature	Explanation	Charles V Holy Roman Emperor and Catherine's nephew – he r humiliated				efused to let the Pope grant Henry's annulment as he did not want his aunt				
Intelligent	Henry VIII was taught by some of the		ead of the Church	Henry realised that if he broke from Rome and becam grant the divorce himself	he broke from Rome and became Head of the Church in England that he would have more power and could haself					
	greatest scholars of the age and could write poetry, compose music and speak French, Spanish and Latin fluently.	Е.		nces can be made from sources about the the the English Reformation?	F.	F. 'Thomas Cromwell was the main reason why Anne Boleyn was executed' How far do you agree?				
Athlete Friendly Renaissance Prince	Henry excelled in all things like archery and wrestling, but his greatest passion was jousting which he did regularly Henry knew how to have fun, entertaining visitors to court with his musical talents Henry VIII was a true Renaissance (means re-born) Prince – he ensured that his Royal Court contained magnificent art, architecture, dress and entertainment	2. 3. 4.	the practices Monks and P and had beer The church ir	had become dishonest and were not following of the Catholic Church riests were taking money from the local people a spending it on themselves a England had a lot of money ant ideas had made their way to England and enry VIII		e: Cromwell knew that Anne was esponsible for Wolsey's fall de used spies in the court to pather information on Boleyn de tortured a musician accused f sleeping with Anne	 Other points Henry VIII was getting annoyed with Anne She was flirtatious with other men Anne was also trying to get involved with government matters She had also failed to give him and son and had instead had a daughter Henry had fallen in love with Jane Seymour 			



Year 8-6 Term 1 History Knowledge organiser: Topic = Henry VIII and the English Reformation



What we ar	re learning this term:	В.	What infer why the Pr	ences can you make from sources about otestant Reformation happened?	C.	What was the imp VIII?	s the importance of having a male heir for Henry		
C. Henry D. Englan E. The En	Henry VIII otestant Reformation VIII and his Great Matter d's Break with Rome glish Reformation VIII – Later Years	2. Ref	Martin Lutho of This event r on a the C	er,, wrote a and the marked the start of the as people in E began to ratholic Church	Succession Heir	had only had d pregnancy	e for ato succeed him, but his wife Ca r and by 1524 was gettingId to have a successful sons were preferred over daughters		
6 Key Word	ds for this term	3. N	lartin Luther	started thent he believed that the	Strong	Henry VIII's throne was w	veak whilst he only – a son would make him		
 Cathol Protes Tudors Reform 	tantism –	into that 4. N follo	sh the commo everyone co lartin Luther wing which	ould be trad n language of the country so ould understand it.	Catherine of Aragon Mary I Anne Boleyn	The only surviving child f	she had many pregnancies but most of them ended in a rom Henry and in 1525 and promised that she 		
5. Transu	ubstantiation –		D.	Why did Henry VIII Break away from Rome?		1			
6. Mass –	-	-	nnulment	Declares that a marriage wasand could only beit, which made Henry start to question			to gain his annulment from the Pope, but he		
•		Thc	mas Wolsey	who promised the king that he would and thought that he could persuade the P	•				
Α.	What was Henry VIII like when he was young?	Pop	e Clement II	in the 1530's – only he could give He the power of Charles V who threatened to	e could give Henry his at and allow him to However, he was under				
Feature	Explanation		Charles V	Holy Roman Emperor and h	e refused to let t	hegrant Henry's	ant as he did not want his aunt humiliated		
Intelligent		H	Head of the Church Henry realised that if he broke from Rome and becamein England that he would haveand could grant the optimiself						
		E.		ences can be made from sources about the or the English Reformation?		nas Cromwell was executed' How far	s the main reason why Anne Boleyn r do you agree?		
Athlete			following the	s had become dishonest and were not e practices of the Catholic Church	Agree: • Cromwe was	ell knew that Anne	Other points Henry VIII was getting		
Friendly				Priests were taking money from the local had been spending it on themselves	He used to	 sed spies in the court	 She was fls with other men Anne was also trying to g She had also 		
Renaissa nce Prince		4. New Protesta		in England had a lot of money tant ideas had made their way to England ced Henry VIII	• He tortur	red	She had also Henry had fallen in Sey mour		

ļ	۹. (Can you define these key words?					Year 8 Religious Education: Islam							
Key	word	Key definition				Pre-Islamic Arabia C Muhammad and the Qur'an								
Tawl	hid	The belief in the oneness of God			В	Pre-Isla	amic Arabia			С	Muhammad and the Qur'an			
Poly	theism	Belief in or worship of more than c	one God		1	Religior	Religion was polytheistic			1	Muhammad received his first revelation of the			
Qur'	'an	Holy book in Islam				There w	vas violence betwe	en tribes to ge	t resources like food	-	Qur'an on the night of power			
Umr	mah	The worldwide Muslim community	ý			and wa	ter			2	The Qur'an is important because it is the word of			
Hijra	ah	The migration of Muhammad from Medina	n Mecca	to	3	In Meco	ca, people could co	me to trade sa	fely without violence		Allah and must not be changed. The Qur'an is still used by Muslims today.			
Hadi	ith	The sayings of the Prophet Muhan	nmad		D	Th	ne Hijrah and conq	uest of Mecca						
Sunr split	ni/Shi'a	A division in Islam which occurred of the Prophet Muhammad on wh the Ummah							to Medinah and grew t onquered Mecca, returr		irst Ummah. Ka'aba to the worship of one God			
Calir	ohate	An area ruled by a Muslim leader				G	Calipahates							
Hajj		Annual Islamic pilgrimage to Mecc	a, Saudi i	Arabia	Ra	shidun					n money from the new territories still used today – helped build the _ummah			
Grea jihac		The spiritual struggle with oneself against sin					- Caused damage to the Kaaba and were very greedy and corrupt which made people angry							
Less	er jihad	Defending Islam from threat but m range of strict conditions to be dec		et a		nayyad basid	- Islamic gol	l den age – tri	ed to translate and ga	the	r all the world's knowledge into Arabic			
F	The fir	st Caliph: Abu Bakr	E	The fin	al s	ermon	mon G Five pillars – what are they and why are they significant							
1	Muham Some v cousin	akr was one of nmad's closest friends. wanted Muhammad's Ali to be leader instead	life of how t	f Muham to live th	nmad eir li	l. It teach ves	tings about the nes Muslims	Shahada h Salah	messenger".	ı's b	n – "There is no God but Allah and Muhammad is His belief in one God			
2	rightful are cal those v	ns who believe Ali was the successor to Muhammad led Shi'a Muslims, and who belief Abu Bakr was ntful successor are called	sermo many	on durin importa people i	g the ant te	e Hajj. It o eachings	nad delivered a contained about equality veen men and		 Strengthens relationship with God Strengthens community because doing it at the same time Jummah = Friday prayer in the mosque 					
		Muslims						Zakah	 Giving 2.5% of money to charity Helps people in need Strengthens the community 					
	Н	Jihad						Sawm			nrise and sunset during the month of Ramadan			
Les	Lesser Defending faith from enemies e.g. people practice Islam			e not	t allowing	g others to		 Learn self-discipline Learn compassion for people who are in need 						
Gre	ater	Internal struggle to follow	rules of	f faith e.	g. Sa	alah		Hajj						
Rules Hard to declare because of strict condition			ons v	vhich mu	st be followed		 Strengthens con Get closer to Go Remember Ibrah 	bd						

А.	Can you define these key words?			Year 8 Religious Education: Islam							
Key word	Key definition			Due Jale	unio Auchio			С	Muhammad and the Qurian		
Tawhid	The belief in the	of God in Islam	В	Pre-Isia	mic Arabia				Muhammad and the Qur'an		
Polytheism	Belief in or worship of		1	Religion was 1 Muhammad r					Muhammad received his first revelation of the		
Qur'an			2	There w	vas	Qur'an on the night					
Ummah				like foo	d and water		The is important because it is the				
Hijrah	The migration of Muhammad from	nto	3		, people could come to safely word of and must not be changed thout violence to safely thout violence						
Hadith	The sayings of the		D		The Hijrah and conquest of Mecca						
Sunni/Shi'a split	A division in Islam which occurred of the Prophet Muhammad on who the	o should lead							d grew the first to the worship of one God		
Caliphate	An area ruled by a			G	Calipahates						
Hajj	Annual Islamic pilgrimage to Mecc			a hialana					d gain money from the new territories		
Greater	The spiritual with o	oneself against	Ras	- Completed the compilation of the which is still used today – helped build the							
jihad					- Caused dar	mage to the _	and were v	ery g	greedy and corrupt which made people angry		
Lesser jihad	Defending Islam from meet a range of strict conditions to	but must o be declared	Abl	basid	-	– tr	ied to translate and g	ather	all the world's knowledge into		
F The fin	rst Caliph: Abu Bakr	E The fir	nal se	ermon		G	Five pillars – what	are	they and why are they significant		
F Ine fil		E The fir	nal se	ermon		G	Five pillars – what	are	they and why are they significant		
1 Muhar	was one ofwas one ofwas one of	The hadith:	this is	s the writ	ings about the	G Shahada h	- Declaration of _		– "There is no but Allah		
1 Muhar Some cousin	was one of mmad's closest friends. wanted Muhammad's to be leader		this is nmad.	is the writi d.	ings about the	Shahada	- Declaration of _	l is H	– "There is no but Allah lis".		
1 Muhar Some cousin instead	was one of nmad's closest friends. wanted Muhammad's to be leader d	The hadith: life of Muhan It teaches Mu	this is nmad. Islims	is the writi 1. Is		Shahada	 Declaration of and Muhammac Shows a Muslim 	l is H n's be 5x a	but Allah lis". elief in one God		
1 Muhar Some cousin instead 2 Muslin	was one of mmad's closest friends. wanted Muhammad's to be leader	The hadith: life of Muhan It teaches Mu Before his de	this is nmad. Islims eath, l	is the writ I. Is Muhamm g the Hajj	nad delivered a i. It contained	Shahada h	 Declaration of and Muhammac Shows a Muslim Strengthens relation 	l is H n's be 5x a	but Allah lis". elief in one God		
1 Muhar Some cousin cousin instead 2 Muslim rightfu are ca	was one of mmad's closest friends. wanted Muhammad's ato be leader d ns who believe Ali was the I successor to Muhammad lledMuslims,	The hadith: life of Muham It teaches Mu Before his de many importa	this is nmad. Islims eath, l luring ant te	is the writi I. Is Muhamm g the Hajj eachings a	nad delivered a i. It contained about	Shahada h	 Declaration of and Muhammac Shows a Muslim Strengthens relation Strengthens 	l is H n's be 5x a ations	but Allah lis". elief in one God day ship with		
1MuharSomecousincousininstead2Muslimrightfuare caand thwas th	was one of mmad's closest friends. wanted Muhammad's ato be leader d ns who believe Ali was the I successor to Muhammad IledMuslims, ose who belief Abu Bakr ie rightful successor are	The hadith: life of Muhan It teaches Mu Before his de	this is nmad. uslims eath, I luring ant te _ of a	is the writi d. Is Muhamm g the Hajj eachings a all people	nad delivered a i. It contained about	Shahada h	 Declaration of and Muhammac Shows a Muslim Strengthens relation Strengthens Giving 	l is H n's be 5x a ations	– "There is no but Allah lis". elief in one God day ship with because doing it at the same time prayer in the of money to		
1MuharSomecousincousininstead2Muslimrightfuare caand thwas th	was one of mmad's closest friends. wanted Muhammad's ato be leader d ns who believe Ali was the I successor to Muhammad IledMuslims, ose who belief Abu Bakr	The hadith: life of Muham It teaches Mu Before his de many importa	this is nmad. uslims eath, I luring ant te _ of a	is the writi d. Is Muhamm g the Hajj eachings a all people	nad delivered a i. It contained about	Shahada h Salah	 Declaration of and Muhammac Shows a Muslim Strengthens relation Strengthens 	I is H n's be 5x a ation: _ =	– "There is no but Allah lis". elief in one God day ship with because doing it at the same time because doing it at the same time of money to		
1MuharSomecousincousininstead2Muslimrightfuare caand thwas th	was one of mmad's closest friends. wanted Muhammad's ato be leader d ns who believe Ali was the I successor to Muhammad IledMuslims, ose who belief Abu Bakr ie rightful successor are	The hadith: life of Muham It teaches Mu Before his de many importa	this is nmad. uslims eath, I luring ant te _ of a	is the writi d. Is Muhamm g the Hajj eachings a all people	nad delivered a i. It contained about	Shahada h Salah	 Declaration of and Muhammac Shows a Muslim Strengthens relation Strengthens Giving Helps 	l is H n's be 5x a ations	but Allah lis". elief in one God day ship withbecause doing it at the same time because doing it at the same time of money to		
1Muhar Some cousin instead2Muslin rightfu are ca and th was th called	was one of nmad's closest friends. wanted Muhammad's to be leader d ns who believe Ali was the I successor to Muhammad lledMuslims, ose who belief Abu Bakr the rightful successor are Muslims Jihad Defending	The hadith: life of Muham It teaches Mu Before his de many importa between mer	this is nmad. uslims eath, I luring ant te _ of a n and	s the writ d. s Muhamm g the Hajj eachings all people d women	nad delivered a i. It contained about	Shahada h Salah Zakah	 Declaration of	I is H i's be 5x a ations 	– "There is no but Allah lis". ellef in one God day ship with because doing it at the same time because doing it at the same time of money to 		
1 Muhar Some cousin cousin instead 2 Muslin rightfu are ca and th was th called H Lesser H	was one of nmad's closest friends. wanted Muhammad's to be leader d ns who believe Ali was the I successor to Muhammad IledMuslims, ose who belief Abu Bakr ie rightful successor are Muslims Jihad Defending to practice Islam	The hadith: life of Muham It teaches Mu Before his de many importa between mer	this is nmad. Islims eath, I luring ant te of a n and peop	s the writi l. S Muhamm g the Hajj eachings all people d women	nad delivered a i. It contained about e including	Shahada h Salah Zakah	 Declaration of	I is H i's be 5x a 5x a tions =			
1 Muhar Some cousin instead Muslin 2 Muslin mightfu are ca and th was th called H	was one of nmad's closest friends. wanted Muhammad's to be leader d ns who believe Ali was the I successor to Muhammad lledMuslims, ose who belief Abu Bakr the rightful successor are Muslims Jihad Defending	The hadith: life of Muham It teaches Mu Before his de many importa between mer	this is nmad. Islims eath, I luring ant te of a n and peop	s the writi l. S Muhamm g the Hajj eachings all people d women	nad delivered a i. It contained about e including	Shahada h Salah Zakah	 Declaration of	l is H 1's be 5x a 5x a ation: =			
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ART: Year 8 Term 1 & 2 - Topic = Day of the Dead



What we are learning during these term:

- Α. About Day of the Dead (DOTD) Mexican Holiday.
- How to use the Grid Method for accurate drawing В. of a skull.
- C. DOTD artists: Thaneeya McArdle and Laura Barbosa.
- Positive/negative collage. D.
- E. Papier mâché sugar skulls.

6 Key Words for this project

- Sugar Skull 1.
- 2. Mexican Day of the Dead
- 3. Symmetry
- 4. Armature Panier Mâchó
- 5.
- 6. C

How to use the Grid Method for accurate drawing.

- Use a ruler to draw an equally spaced grid onto your image.
- 2. Draw an identical grid LIGHTLY onto paper.
- 3. Draw in the main outlines of your image, focusing on one square at a time Use a ruler to help you measure the positioning of lines if needed.

- Add main details before erasing he grid on the paper.
- 5. Add fine *details* and build in *tone*.



D.

1.

2.

3.

4.

artworks.

Steps for making your collage:

top of the darker A4 piece of paper.

same technique as step 2.

What each tool is used for:

underneath the light piece before cutting.

	Cutting mat	To protect the table from damage.								
2	Craft knife	To precisely cut shapes from paper.								
	Glue stick	To cleanly stick the shapes onto paper.								

the dark piece of paper, aligned with the rest of the face.

How to make a positive/negative collage.

Collage is a form of art by cutting and ripping paper to create interesting

Cut a piece of light A4 piece of paper in half and place one half over the

Draw and cut out one facial feature at a time from the light piece of paper

and flip it over onto the dark piece of paper. DO NOT cut into the dark piece of paper, only the light. Remove the dark piece of paper from

Draw the shape of the face on the light piece of paper and flip it over to

Add additional details on the face and in the background, following the



How to make a papier mâché sugar skull. Ε.

Papier mâché is made from newspaper and PVA glue, which hardens solid once dry.

Steps for making your sugar skull:

- 1. Roll two balls of white tissue, one slightly bigger than the other and tape it to a piece of A4 card. This is the armature, the bare bones of starting the sculpture.
- 2. Apply the first layer of papier mâché using newspaper as smoothly as possible using PVA glue.
- Mould the facial features with papier mâché using white tissue and PVA 3. glue, building it up to make it three dimensional and as smooth as possible.
- 4. Apply a final thin layer of newsprint and PVA papier mâché for a smooth and even finish.
- 5. Paint the sugar skull with white emulsion paint and allow to dry. Apply colourful poster paint in the background and use acrylic paint and pens to add the final details.



 Papier Mache Outcome 			
Keywords for this project	in detail:		
Sugar Skull		ned skull. The term is often applied to edible version of a sku eaten in celebrating ancestors who have died.	III, with colour
Mexican Day of the Dead	Or known as 'Día de Muertos' in every year to remember the dece	Spanish, is a festival held in Mexico from 31 st October to 2 nd eased.	November
Symmetry	Same on both sides, like a reflect	tion.	
Armature	A support and foundations (starti	ng point) for a sculpture.	
Papier Mâché	A technique using watered down	PVA glue and paper.	

Outcome The final piece of art for a project, which shall be the DOTD papier maché sugar skull sculptures.

В.

1.

4.

Α.	About Day of the Dead, Mexican Holiday.	C.	D B
What?	 It is a Mexican Christian holiday. It began as a day of thanks for the harvest. The festival lasts 3 days. It Occurs 31st October – 2nd November every year. 	Thane McArd	
Why?	It is a festival that celebrates the lives of those who have died.	20	
How?	Different things happen on each day DAY 1: ✤ Relatives put flowers on graveyards or in vases. ❖ They create an altar somewhere in the house with pictures of the		
	dead, along with favourite objects. The rest of this day is spent making the favourite foods of the person(s). DAY 2:	Laura Barbos	sa
	 Families have big celebrations at their homes. They serve all the food they made the day before. They eat candies shaped like skeletons. Friends stop by and people dance and sing. DAY 3: The holiday expands to the town. There are parades and floats and characters in costume. 		
	What? Why?	 What? It is a Mexican Christian holiday. It began as a day of thanks for the harvest. The festival lasts 3 days. It Occurs 31st October – 2nd November every year. Why? It is a festival that celebrates the lives of those who have died. How? Different things happen on each day DAY 1: Relatives put flowers on graveyards or in vases. They create an altar somewhere in the house with pictures of the dead, along with favourite objects. The rest of this day is spent making the favourite foods of the person(s). DAY 2: Families have big celebrations at their homes. They serve all the food they made the day before. They eat candies shaped like skeletons. Friends stop by and people dance and sing. DAY 3: The holiday expands to the town. There are parades and floats and 	What? • It is a Mexican Christian holiday. • It began as a day of thanks for the harvest. • The festival lasts 3 days. It Occurs 31 st October – 2 nd November every year. Why? It is a festival that celebrates the lives of those who have died. It is a festival that celebrates the lives of those who have died. How? Different things happen on each day DAY 1: • Relatives put flowers on graveyards or in vases. * They create an altar somewhere in the house with pictures of the dead, along with favourite objects. The rest of this day is spent making the favourite foods of the person(s). Laura Barboo DAY 2: • Families have big celebrations at their homes. They serve all the food they made the day before. They eat candies shaped like skeletons. Friends stop by and people dance and sing. DAY 3: • The holiday expands to the town. There are parades and floats and Image: Content of the stop is the stop is the town. There are parades and floats and

C.	DOTD Barbo	artists: Thaneeya McArdle and Laura
Thane McArd		 Inspired by Indian Art. Works with a range of materials including acrylic. paint and various programmes on the computer. Her work shows a creative and personal. interpretation of Day of the Dead and has Indian like qualities. Designs are vibrant, symmetrical and include the use of intricate patterns.
Laura Barbos	sa	 Self-taught painter Produces artwork based on the theme Mexican day of the dead Uses fluorescent and vibrant colours that also have contrasting areas. Her brush strokes are dominant in her work and Her use of patterns are simplistic.







wmat	nat we are learning during these term:		В.	Explain ho	w to use the Gr	id Method fo	or accurate drawing.		D.	Explain h	ow to make a	positive/negat	ive collage.	lo802++HdDl
B. I	About Day of the Dead (DOTE How to use the Grid Method fo a skull.		1						Collage	is:				
C. I D. I	Portini DOTD artists: Thaneeya McAr Barbosa. Positive/negative collage. Papier mâché sugar skulls.	dle and Laura	2 3						Steps for 1 2	or making you	ur collage:			
6 Key	6 Key Words for this project 4								3					
2. N	2. Mexican Day of the Dead						Ľ		4					
	4. Armature								What ea	ach tool is us	sed for:			
	Papier Mâché Dutcome								Cutting					
Kowwo	rds for this project in detail:								Craft kn					
	. ,		ily pottorpor			n onnlind	to odible version		Glue sti	ck				
Mexica Symme				e made and eaten in celebrating ancestors who have died. ps' in Spanish, is a festival held in Mexico from 31 st October to 2 nd nember the deceased. reflection.										
Outcon	<u></u>			which shall be the DOTD papier mâché sugar skull sculptures.					E.	Explain h	ow to make a	papier mâché	sugar skull.	
	1		a projeci, w						Papier r	nâché is:			-	
Α.	About Day of the Dead, Mexic	an Holiday.		C.	Barbosa.	sts: Thar	neeya MicArdie a	ind Laura	0, (
What?	 It is a Mexican Christian ho It began as a day of thanks The festival lasts 3 days. It every year. 		ovember	Thanee McArd	•	Wo incl	pired by Indian A rks with a range o uding acrylic. pai grammes on the	of materials nt and various	Steps to 1	or making yo	our sugar skull:			
Why?	It is a festival that celebrates the	e lives of those who have died	d.	22 C	Acat		work shows a cr	reative and ion of Day of the						
How?	 dead, along with favourite of making the favourite foods DAY 2: Families have big celebration food they made the day befa skeletons. Friends stop by a DAY 3: 	aveyards or in vases. where in the house with pictur objects. The rest of this day is of the person(s). ons at their homes. They serv fore. They eat candies shape	spent ve all the d like	Laura I	Barbosa	Dea Dea incl Sel Pro the Use that Her wor	ad and has Indiar signs are vibrant, ude the use of in f-taught painter duces artwork b me Mexican day es fluorescent an t also have contra	n like qualities. symmetrical and tricate patterns. ased on the of the dead nd vibrant colours asting areas. re dominant in her	3 4 5	1.	2. MR	3.	4	5.



FOOD: Year 8 Term 1: Topic = Planning a Healthy Meal



		_						
	arning this term:	В.	Can you give 5 reasons fo	E.	Keywords			
B. The Eatwell C. Design Idea	ty and hygiene in the kitchen guide and nutrients s	2 it ca 3 to ke	void obesity n be less expensive eep a healthy heart	Hygiene		A method of keeping yourself and equipment clean		
D. Weighing E. Practical ski F. Evaluation V	-		eep your body fit n make a positive impact on y	Research		Information that you find out to help you with a project		
6 Key Words fo	r this term		Prevent Cross Contamination	A.	What is cross contamination and how can it be prevented?	Nutrit	ious	A meal that is healthy and
1 Hygiene 2 Health	4 Balanced 5 Nutritional		Use correct colour coded chopping boards and knives at all times		contamination happens when you use the wrong bing board or equipment to prepare food which			contains vital nutrients.
3 Food Poisoning	g 6 Target Market		COOKED MEATS		nerefore result in food poisoning.	Targe	et Market	The age or type of person you re creating a product for.
diet?	he three macronutrients in the			B. Wł Jsed?	hat is the image on the left showing and how is it	Carbohydrates		Foods that give you energy
Carbohydrates	Foods that are eaten to give the body energy		ALLERGENS	1350:		Prote	in	Food that grow and repair
ProteinFood that are eaten to build and repair muscles and cellsFatsFood that are eaten to protect your vital organs and insulate your body.		Yo to int ter			In the photo you can see a food temperature probe. You use it to check that food it cooked. First you need to make sure that the probe is clean, then you insert it into the thickest part of the food and then check the temperature. If the food is cooked it can be served, if			your muscles
								Foods that keep your digestive system healthy and avoid constipation.
Click the label on packaged foods bit we be Estrated Gat	twell guide	the f			od is not the correct temperature it needs to be ed for longer.	Calcium		Foods that make your teeth and bones strong
And I have been been been been been been been be							ın Idea	A sketch or plan of how you are hoping a project to turn out.
		C .	Can you list 5 reasons for w	why	we cook food and why it is important?	Orga	nisation	Having everything ready for a lesson and following instructions
		Rule • 1 to	get rid of bacteria on the foo		 Why it is important 1 to stop food poisoning 	Time	keeping	Using the time to remain organised.
			make the food taste better		 2 to make the food more appealing 			
			make food chewable ensure that food is not raw		• 3 it could be raw or a choking hazard		ory analysis	Use your senses to taste and describe a product
Construction of the start start of the start start and start	Mark for 2014 of a section of section of the sectio		add colour to the food		 4 to stop food poisoning 5 to make it look more appetising or change 		Board	A collage of photos and key words based on a project

its use







Year 8: World Cultures - Africa

Term 1 🤛



What we are learning about this term...

В	Keywords
PULSE	The steady beat
RHYTHM	A combination of long and short sounds and silence
POLYRHYTHM	Two or more rhythms played at the same time
MASTER DRUMMER	The leader of the ensemble, gives musical cues to the performers
CALL AND RESPONSE	Where a pattern is played by the leader, and then repeated or responded to by the rest of the performers.
MUSICAL CYCLE	Melodic or rhythmic patterns that repeat but can develop slowly.
ORAL TRADITION	Songs and tunes passed down by EAR, not by writing them down
A CAPELLA	Singing that is not accompanied by instruments
IMPROVISATION	Music made up on the spot, without preparation



Tone

С

D

Analysing music from West Africa (Listening)

Listen and watch this video... Which West African instruments are being used? Can you hear the call and response being played by the **master drummer** and the rest of the performers?

Listen for the fast tempo (allegro), as the music is designed for dancing and social gatherings. Because of gatherings being outside the dynamics are usually loud = forte (f) or fortissimo (ff) however, the master drummer can indicate changes in both dynamics and tempo if they want!

> Mamady Këita: Kuku ->





Mambazo





F **Basic Note Values**

Basic Rhythm Values in 4/4 time									
	Beat 1	Beat 2	Beat Beat 3 4						
Technical name SEMI BREVE (4 beats)									
Remember it Hold for 4 beats	0								
Technical name Minim (2 beats)									
Remember it L - ong	0		0						
Technical name Crotchet (1 beat)									
Remember it tea	•	•	•						
Technical name Quavers (1/2 beat)									
Remember it Cof - fee									
Technical name Semi quaver (1/4 beat)									
Remember it Ca – pu –cci - no									

G	Describing music	Describing music – MAD T SHIRT						
М	А	D	т	S	н	I	R	т
Melody	Articulation	Dynamics	Texture	Structure	Harmony/Tonality	Instruments	Rhythm	Тетро
The tune	How notes are played	Loud/quiet and any other volume changes	Layers of sound / how they fit together	The sections and organising	Chords used / the mood	Types of instruments heard	Pattern of notes	The speed



Year 8: World Cultures - Africa

Term 1 🛟 🕘

A What we are learning about this term	C African Drumming Techniques
 Pulse and Rhythm, including triplets and 6/8 Polyrhythms Music in West Africa Call and Response 	
LOOK COVER WRITE CHECK	BTS
	D Analysing music from West Africa (Listening)
	Listen and watch this video Which West African instruments are being used? Can you hear the being
	played by theand the rest of the performers? F Basic Note Values
	Listen for the, as the music is designed for dancing and social gatherings. Because of Beat Beat Beat Beat Beat Beat Beat Beat
	gatherings being outside the dynamics are usually loud = (f) or(ff) however, the master Technical name
	drummer can indicate changes in both dynamics and tempo if they want! Mamady
	Këita: Kuku ->
	Remember it
	Technical name Remember it
	Ladysmith Black Remember it
	Bolokada Conde Mambazo

G	Describing music	Describing music – MAD T SHIRT						
м	А	D	т	S	н	I I	R	т
M	Α	D	т	S	Н	I	R	Т





#AIMHIGH CHALLENGE TASKS Y8





<u>Subject</u>	Reading	Watching	Other Opportunities
English	Read: <u>https://www.theguardian.com</u> /childrens-books- site/2014/jan/06/book-doctor- sherlock-detective-novels-teens	Watch: https://www.bbc.co.uk/iplayer/episodes/b018ttws/she rlock	https://co-decode.co.uk/
Maths	Read: What do Runway Numbers Mean.	Listen: The Golden Ratio	Try the N-Rich Activity below:
Science	Read The Astronomy Book- big ideas simply explained	Watch The reason for seasons <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tX3Y5bzNDiU</u>	Look at the different constellations you can spot <u>https://www.twinkl.co.uk/teaching-</u> <u>wiki/constellations</u> And see if you can see them
Geography	Read Rainforest Rough Guide: Age 10-11, average readers - White Wolves Non Fiction	Watch: BBC One - Planet Earth II - Available now	Coate water. Write down all the ways this area is different to your home street. This shows the comparison between urban and rural areas.
History	Read Y8 Term 1 Reading.pdf	Watch: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3ozIZXGBW2E	Visit: Steam museum of the Great Western Railway. SN25 2DA
Spanish	Read: the Spanish and English whilst watching this video of a tour of Barcelona: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=</u> 17bHX9Wkr0E	Watch this clip: about Spanish people and their holidays: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=n1MRm83KDWY	Check out how many Spanish destinations EasyJet Fly to. Find out a little bit about each destination: <u>https://www.easyjet.com/en</u>
Art	Read: Using shape in art <u>https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guid</u> <u>es/z3ssgdm/revision/1</u>	Watch: Recognizing shapes in art <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sb-U6U2V87Q</u>	Try visiting an art gallery to see how an artist has created artwork in real life. The Tate website is an amazing tool to find 100's of established artists <u>https://www.tate.org.uk/art</u>